



SDI Review Form 1.6

PART 1:

Journal Name:	<u>International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health</u>
Manuscript Number:	2013_IJTDH_4514
Title of the Manuscript:	Hydatidosis in Cattle Slaughtered at Adigrat Municipal Abattoir, Ethiopia
Type of the Article	Research Paper

General guideline for Peer Review process is available in this link:

[\(http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline\)](http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline)

- This form has total 7 parts. Kindly note that you should use all the parts of this review form.



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PART 2: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	1- The authors must eliminate 'Sex' factor from this survey and eliminate from all over the manuscript. 2- Page 2 L 49: the text should read: The study was conducted at Adigrat municipal abattoir, from September 2012 to February 2013. 3- Page3 L 94: P value< 0.05. 4- In the Discussion section the authors must refer some references about prevalence of hydatidosis based on breed. 5- In the reference list. Reference 21 : financial loss estimation. 6- In the reference list: <i>Echinococcus granulosus</i> must be written Italic.	1. We removed 'sex' factor completely from the manuscript. 2. We accepted, see in the revised manuscript 3. We accepted , see in the revised manuscript 4. We accepted, see in the revised manuscript 5. We accepted, see in the revised manuscript 6. We accepted, see in the revised manuscript
Minor REVISION comments	1- Do the authors make any recommendations not supported by their data or beyond the scope of the study? Yes, but it is not enough.	1. Yes, we added some points but we think it is enough, see in the revised manuscript



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<u>Optional/General</u> comments	- Its suggested that in this manuscript the authors calculate the financial losses of condemned liver and lung because of hydatidois.	- Yes, we can estimate financial losses but in the absence of retrospective data on past years and small sample size, it is difficult to estimate the financial losses caused by hydatidosis. And the inference drawn only from the active abattoir survey is not sufficient to conclude the economic importance of hydatidosis in the study area. In addition, we also designed to study the causes of organs condemnation and their economic losses as a whole in the specified study area.